

Reproductive Immunology: Open Access

Abstract



Simulation Study of Different Modes of Miscible Carbon Dioxide Flooding

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Abstract:

Cancer is one of the greatest health challenges of our time, and a leading cause of death in every corner of the world. Currently, around 65% of all cancer deaths occur in developing countries. Cancer treatment is one of the most major and important aspects in the medical industry. Many pharmaceutical industries have various programs in developing countries for tackling the costs of cancer care. Treatment is only one aspect of cancer care. Many patients are unable to afford the costs of the medications and hence treatment becomes difficult. There are many patient assistance programs by the pharmaceutical companies to ease the financial burden on cancer patients. Patient assistance programs are a diverse collection of programs that vary in how they obtain funding, what steps they take to ease the burden and how these steps are implemented. Sadly, not many patients are aware of these programs due to lack of knowledge and awareness by the pharmaceutical companies and the medical practitioners. These patient assistance programs are an underused, inexpensive methods to tackle the financial obstacles of cancer care. The patients can be made aware of these programs by campaigns and awareness programs. Surveys and studies have shown that most of the patients are in need of an assistance program for their treatment. Pharmaceutical companies have specific criterias for offering their assistance programs, which include the financial status of the patient, age and the severity of the disease. The surveys were done using electronic reviews, telephonic surveys, asking patients and pharmaceutical companies with specifically designed questionnaires. Most of the companies base their eligibility of the PAP on basis of income. Many companies are not willing to disclose their income criteria. If more companies take part in the PAP programs, it will be a very beneficial move towards the treatment of patients in India.



Biography:

Niccola Funel received his graduation in Bio-Molecular Science (2000) from Pisa University, Italy, where he acquired both PhD in "Experimental and Molecular Oncology" (2006) and Specialization in "Clinical Pathology" (2008). Since 2002 He have been working in Surgical Pathology division (University of Pisa), where he involved in Pancreatic Ductal Adeno Carcinoma (PDAC) projects. In 2011 He is council member of Italian Society for Pancreas Study (AISP). He awarded six times from AISP at the annual meeting as "young investigator". He received a grant as "Young Investigator 2013" from "Fondazione Veronesi", Milan, Italy. (H-index: 27).

Recent Publications:

- Bickell.N., et al. Do Community-Based Patient Assistance Programs Affect the Treatment and Well-Being of Patients With Breast Cancer? : Journal of Oncology practice Jan 2014;10(1):48-54
- 2. David H. Howard. Drug Companies' Patient-Assistance Programs —Helping Patients or Profits? : n engl j medJuly 2014:97-99
- Linda Burhansstipanov, Alisa Gilbert, Khari LaMarca, Linda U. Krebs. An Innovative Path to Improving-Cancer Care in Indian Country: Public Health Reports September–October 2001;116:424-33
- 4. Niteesh K. Choudhry, Joy L. Lee, Jessica Agnew-Blais, Colleen Corcoran and William H. Shrank. Drug Company-Sponsored Patient Assistance Programs: A Viable Safety Net?: HEALTH A F FA I R S June 17,009;203(2);827-83 Germany

International Conference on Orphan Drugs & Rare Disease; March

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