Reproductive Immunology: Open Access

iMedPub Journals http://journals.imedpub.com

Vol. 5 ISS. 1

The Menopause, Diet and Lifestyle

Dr. Ferhat Uddin

Kings College London, UK

Abstract:

Menopause is now less of a taboo, with more women asking questions and seeking help. Women are living longer, and spend more time in the post-menopausal stage. As many struggle with symptoms around menopause, the advice on the role of nutrition and lifestyle in the prevention and treatment of symptoms remains confusing. I look at the research on lifestyle and nutrition in the timing of menopause, symptoms, and prevention of chronic disease related to menopause.

The current research shows dietary factors could influence the lifespan of the ovaries and sex-hormones levels, hence the timing of natural menopause. A few studies have reported an association between exercise and diet, in particular soya consumption, with a reduced risk of vasomotor symptoms.

It is well known that metabolic factors due to hormonal change in midlife increases the prevalence of cardiovascular disease and dementia in women after midlife. Falls in oestrogen levels predispose women to osteoporosis and fractures. The role of diet and lifestyle intervention is crucial in disease prevention for women in midlife.

- 1. Dietary intake and age at natural menopause: results from the UK Women's Cohort Study. Yashvee Dunneram, Darren Charles Greenwood, Victoria J Burley, Janet E Cade. Journal of epidemiology. Volume 72, Issue 8.August 2018.
- Huang, A.J., Subak, L.L., Wing, R., West, D.S., Hernandez, A.L., Macer, J., Grady, D. (2010). An intensive behavioral weight loss intervention and hot flushes in women. Arch Intern Med. 170(13), 1161-7.
- Bailey et al, (2015). Exercise training reduces the acute physiological severity of post-menopausal hot flushes. Journal of Physiology.
- Diet, menopause and the risk of ovarian, endometrial and breast cancer. Dunneram Y, et al. Proc Nutr Soc. 2019. PMID: 30706844 Free article. Review.
- Herber-Gast G.C. Mishra G.D. Fruit, Mediterranean-style, and high-fat and -sugar diets are associated with the risk of night sweats and hot flushes in midlife: results from a prospective cohort study. Am. J. Clin. Nutr. 2013; 97: 1092-1099

Citation : Dr Ferhat Uddin, The Menopause, Diet and Lifestyle, 2nd International Conference on Lifestyle Disease & Medicine, April 22-23, 2021 at Germany